



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

ler. The School of Mines and Industries, founded in 1889, received state aid in 1903 to the extent of £3,658, while the receipts from fees and sale of materials to students amounted to £3,691. Queensland is beginning to display increased interest in the movement, a board of technical instruction having been appointed in 1902, holding its first examination at the close of 1903, when 960 students were examined, two thirds obtaining certificates of competency. In the same year there were twenty technical schools distributed through the state, with an enrolment of 2,600 students. The amount of fees, etc., collected was £13,385, and that of the expenditure £14,280, showing the system to be almost self-supporting. In Western Australia a technical school has been opened at Perth, having now an average attendance of 190, the annual expenditure amounting to nearly £6,000. Tasmania has also technical schools in Hobart and Launceston, the average attendance, including that of the two schools of mines, being 540, the annual expenditure being under £3,000.

THE INAUGURATION OF PRESIDENT DRINKER.

IN connection with the celebration of Founder's Day, Lehigh University installed its new president, Mr. Henry Sturgis Drinker, on October 12, in the Packer Memorial Chapel. Mr. Robert H. Sayre, president of the board of trustees, made the installation address, which was followed by a brief response from President Drinker. The greetings of the alumni were tendered in an address by Mr. Frank P. Howe, of the class of '78. Following the installation ceremonies, an oration in memory of Asa Packer, the founder of the university, was delivered by the Hon. Hampton L. Carson, attorney general of Pennsylvania, his subject being 'Practical Ideals.' The service in the chapel was then adjourned to the site selected for the erection of the Drown Memorial Hall, where the sod was turned by Mr. Robert H. Sayre, and addresses in memory of the late President Brown were made by Dr. Charles R. Dudley, chief chemist of the Pennsylvania Railroad and chairman of the general

committee on the Drown Memorial Fund, and Dr. Rossiter W. Raymond, Dr. Drown's successor as secretary of the American Institute of Mining Engineers. The alumni, faculty and guests of the university were received by the president and trustees at a luncheon in the gymnasium, where in the evening an alumni dinner was given in honor of President Drinker. Addresses were made by Mr. Harlan Sherman Miner, '88, for the alumni; President Isaac Sharpless, of Haverford College, for the invited guests; Bishop Talbot, of South Bethlehem, for the trustees; Professor Mansfield Merriman, for the faculty, and the president of the senior class for the undergraduates.

THE INSTALLATION OF PRESIDENT JAMES AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS.

THE ceremonies in connection with the installation of Dr. Edmund Janes James as president of the University of Illinois is taking place this week. At the inaugural exercises addresses are expected by:

Hon Charles S. Deneen, Governor of Illinois.

Hon. Samuel A. Bullard, president of the Board of Trustees.

Hon. Andrew S. Draper, former president of the university and commissioner of education, state of New York.

after which President James is to deliver his inaugural address and degrees are to be conferred. Professor T. J. Burrill, professor of botany and vice-president of the university, is announced to welcome delegates who are expected to respond as follows:

President James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan, for the state universities.

President Ira Remsen, of Johns Hopkins University, for eastern universities.

Chancellor Frank Strong, of the University of Kansas, for western universities.

President Edwin B. Craighead, of Tulane University, for southern universities.

Vice-President Harry P. Judson, of the University of Chicago, for the universities and technical schools of the state.

President Charles H. Rammelkamp, of Illinois College, for the colleges of the state.

President John W. Cook, of the Northern Illinois State Normal School, for the normal schools of the state.